JWST Imaging of 74 Nearby Galaxies, and Establishing PAH Emission as a Sensitive, High-Resolution Tracer of Gas in Galaxies

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ESA/Webb, NASA & CSA, A. Leroy

ISM Mapping in the JWST Era





ESA, NASA, CSA, O. C. Jones, G. De Marchi, M. Meixner





PHANGS

Physics at High Angular Resolution in Nearby Galaxies

- The PHANGS-JWST data are absolutely <u>stunning</u>!
- 74 with JWST NIRCam + MIRI imaging at 15-120 pc resolution!
 - 19 galaxies, PI J. C. Lee
 - 55 galaxies, PI A. Leroy
 - See Chown+25a



<u>Blue & green</u>: stars Orange & red: PAHs and dust

Approaches for Mapping H₂

To answer questions about molecular clouds like

- How are they structured?
- How efficiently do they turn into stars?
- ... we need CO, the standard tracer of cold H₂ (Bolatto+13)

Drawbacks:

- *τ*: "akin to using the presence of a brick wall to estimate the depth of the building behind it" – Kennicutt & Evans 2012
- Highly uncertain CO-H₂ conversion factor
- Low metallicity: compact CO emission (e.g. Rubio+15, Schruba+17), CO-dark gas (e.g. Jameson+18, Madden+20)

Complimentary/alternative approaches:

• Dust (e.g., Leroy+11), PAHs (Gao+19, Cortzen+19, Chown+21, Leroy+23, Whitcomb+23, Chown+25a)





CO optically thin CO optically thick



PAH Maps Look Like CO Maps

... with higher resolution and much better sensitivity!









- 1. Regions with nebular emission vs those with diffuse gas
- Unresolved at 1" res., but might expect $\downarrow X_{CO}, \downarrow q_{PAH}, \uparrow U, \uparrow DGR$
- In PHANGS, HII regions are brighter overall, but no major differences in CO/PAH



- 2. Galaxy centers/CMZs versus disks
- Centers brighter overall, higher CO/PAH ratios than disks
- Centers: $\downarrow X_{CO} \downarrow q_{PAH}(?), \uparrow U, \uparrow DGR$



- 3. Do any galaxy properties correlate w/ CO/PAH normalization?
- Yes! log SSFR and log M* are best
- Physics of the relationship
- Application to CO tracing (see Chown+25a for fitting functions for JWST 3.3, 7.7, and 11.3 um to CO(2-1))



H2 +0 total H PAH сo Radiation field Strength CO-H2 Dust to gas ratio PAH Surface surface brightness conversion Factor abundance brightness Х Q 2_{РАН} DGR РАн ۸co H2 Ryan Chown (chown.5@osu.edu)

PAH-Gas Relations at Low Metallicity

Chown+25b

- Z is a key parameter
- Dwarfs: $\uparrow X_{CO} \downarrow qPAH, \downarrow U, \downarrow DGR$
- CO-emitting regions are ~2 pc in size at low Z (Rubio+15; Madden+20; Hunter+24)
- JWST PAH and dust emission in local dwarfs show *much* more structure than CO



Chown+25b; Pingel+24; Koch+ subm.





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- CO/MIR ratios not too different from PHANGS
- MIR/gas (LGLBS HI + ALMA CO) ratios suppressed like DGR and q_{PAH}



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Summary: Transforming Our View of Cold Gas in Galaxies

- PAHs: very sensitive, high-resolution tracer of cold gas
- Calibrated across 70 galaxies, linear relationship with CO (**Chown+25a**, in press)
- CO+HI+PAHs at ~2pc resolution in local dwarfs (Chown+25b, accepted)
- Enables new science:
 - Tests of dust models
 - Turn every JWST PAH picture into a gas picture
 - Characterize ISM structure with transformative level of detail
 - Map the structure of molecular clouds with incredible detail offered by JWST
- Ongoing + future work:
 - Resolved comparison of qPAH, U, HI, CO, PAH in subset (Chown+25c, in prep.)
 - Full quantification of secondary dependencies across environments
 - Explore the non-linear regime (thermal dust, LIRGs and high redshift galaxies)