



# A zoomed view of molecular cloud evolution impacted by **multiple** supernovae

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## Introduction

### Previous works

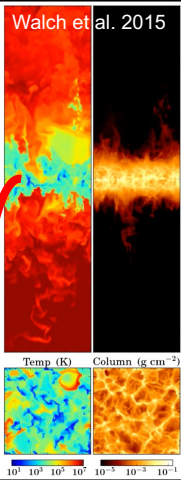
- ✓ The ISM is ubiquitously bubble-structured (e.g., PHANGS-JWST, Williams et al. 2024)
- ✓ Molecular clouds are compressed many times by supernovae during cloud lifetime, especially in star-burst env. (e.g., McKee & Ostriker 1977, Inutsuka et al. 2015, Padoan et al. 2016, Kobayashi et al. 2017, 2018, Chevance et al. 2020, Rathjen et al. 2023)
- ✓ Single shock from a neighboring supernova is not enough to sustain supersonic turbulence in clouds (Seifried et al. 2018)

### Key questions

- 1 What **density and turbulence structures** emerge under shock compressions from **multiple supernovae**?
- 2 What **observational signatures** do we have to characterize the impact of multiple supernovae?

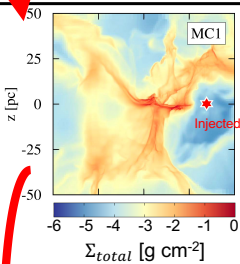
## Setup

### SILCC project (Walch et al. 2015)



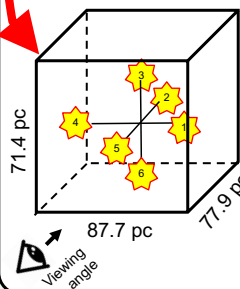
- ✓ Galactic ISM simulation 500 pc x 500 pc x  $\pm 5$  kpc
- ✓ FLASH 4.3 for magnetohydrodynamics (Fryxell et al. 2000; Dubey et al. 2008)
- ✓ Supernova feedback (random driving)
- ✓ Basic chemical network  $\text{H}^+$ ,  $\text{H}$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{C}^+$ ,  $\text{CO}$ ,  $\text{e}^-$ , and  $\text{O}$  (Nelson & Langer 1997; Glover & Mac Low 2007; Glover et al. 2010)
- ✓ Initial total gas column density  $\Sigma_{\text{gas}} = 10 M_{\odot} \text{ pc}^{-2}$
- ✓ Resolution at mid-plane: 4 pc

### SILCC-“Zoom” (Seifried et al. 2018)



- ✓ Pick up a target cloud in SILCC
- ✓ Progressively increase the resolution up to 0.12 pc on 100 pc scale
- ✓ Inject “an” additional supernova with various distance to the cloud center

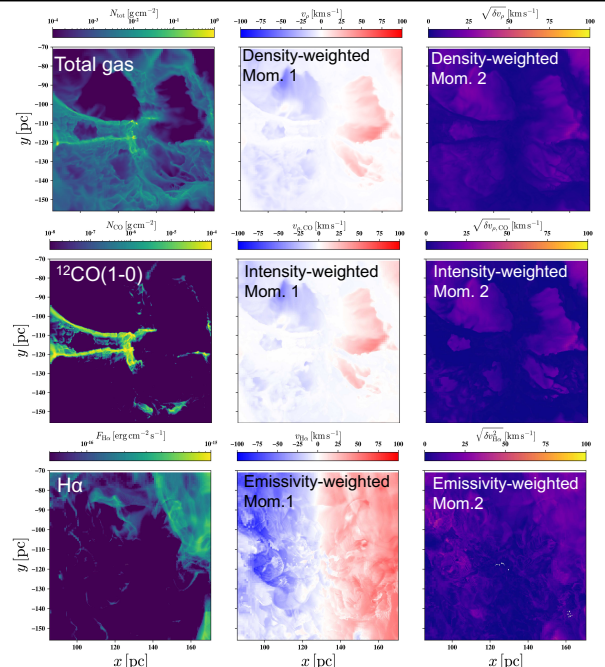
### This work: Multiple supernovae injection



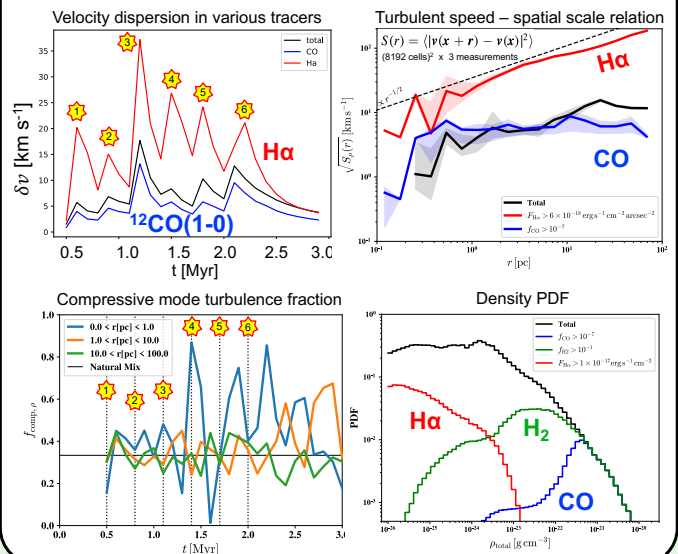
- ✓ Inject additional **6 supernovae**
- ✓ 0.3 Myr interval between explosions
- ✓ At 25 pc distance from the cloud mass center
- ✓ Synthetic observations:
  - $^{12}\text{CO}(1-0)$  in RADMC3D (Dullemond 2012)
  - $\text{H}\alpha$  in MAPPINGS V (Sutherland & Dopita 2017)

## Results

### Moment maps (face-on view towards galactic mid-plane)



### Turbulence & density structure



### Key takeaway

- ✓ Supernovae **kinetic energy** is deposited more to **diffuse ( $\text{H}\alpha$ -bright) regions**, but not to dense ( $\text{CO}$ -bright) regions.
- ✓ Supernovae feedback significantly **widen the density PDF of diffuse but still  $\text{H}_2$ -bearing regions** ( $n < 100 \text{ cm}^{-3}$ ).
- ✓ Supernova explosions **enhance the compressive mode** turbulence from small to large scales as they expand, but this effect lasts **only  $< \sim 0.3$  Myr**.